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LEADERS IN CONGRESS WANTING A VACATION

FOOD BILL IS THE WEEK'S BIG MEASURE.

Senate Will Next Begin Debate on War Tax Measure of Two Billion Dollars.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Final enactment of the administration food control bill is the principal task ahead of congress this week. When this long contested measure is out of the way the senate will begin debate on the \$2,000,000,000 war tax bill with the leaders hoping for a vacation recess in September.

The entire war legislative program is again congested in the senate, where debate on the conference report on the food control bill will be resumed tomorrow. Tuesday the house will begin a series of three-day recesses to continue for several weeks, until the war tax bill is ready for conference.

Administration leaders expressed confidence tonight that the food legislation will be sent to the President before the week-end, though not until after another bitter fight in the senate. Senator Reed, who has led the attack on the legislation, plans tomorrow to seek rejection of the conference report. He will be aided by other opponents.

Senator Chamberlain, the administration manager, expressed confidence tonight that the conference draft would be adopted probably by Wednesday. Action on the conference report on the first administration food bill, for a food survey and stimulation of production will follow.

Senator Simmons, chairman of the finance committee, tomorrow will present the war tax bill and the bi-partisan committee report to the senate. It is to be taken up after disposal of the food legislation. The leaders hope the bill can be finally passed early in September.

Upon the passage of the revenue measure, and other minor legislation, a recess of six weeks or more may be arranged.

Among the less important measures scheduled for early senate consideration are the conference report on the bills increasing the interstate commerce commission's personnel and authorizing the President to fix priority in railroad shipments.

The administration trading with the enemy bill, passed by the house, will be considered tomorrow by the senate commerce committee, but senate action may be postponed until after September.

The commerce committee will seek confirmation this week of Bainbridge Colby, of New York, as a member of the shipping board.

The bill proposed by Secretary McAdoo for government insurance of American troops sent abroad also may be presented this week.

Further senate discussion of peace is promised. Senator Stone, chairman of the foreign relations committee said tonight he expected to deliver this week a speech on the peace situation, but probably would not offer any concrete proposals in the form of a resolution. His address promises to lead to considerable discussion of peace talk in foreign capitals as well as of America's war aims.

Woman suffrage is another subject scheduled for continued agitation.

Senator Weeks and others advocating a congressional committee to supervise war expenditures, expect to continue their fight. Senator Weeks will offer his resolution as an amendment to the war tax bill. Senator Chamberlain hopes to obtain consideration of his resolution to draft all aliens except Asiatics and enemies who reside in this country. The military committee also is scheduled to soon report a war department bill to create a board of aircraft production.

The senate audit committee will meet tomorrow and probably report Senator Sherman's resolution for congressional investigation of the East St. Louis race riots. Attention in some form also is expected to be given by congress to the antidraft disturbances.

TEUTONIC ARMIES ARE WINNING AND LOSING

ADVANCE ON ONE FRONT; RETREAT ON ANOTHER.

Berlin Claims That Germans Have Driven Practically All Russians Out of Galicia.

The Teutonic armies, still advancing although against increased resistance, on the eastern front are slowly being forced back by the pressure of entente masses in the west.

Gains made by the British on the Flanders front on Friday when the village of St. Julien was reentered, were followed by an advance by the French on their front Friday night. Notwithstanding the continued inclement weather French forces drove in beyond the Kortekker car-baret, moving their lines forward while their patrols pushed back German outposts and explored considerable area in advance of the French positions.

Forecasts Renewal of Drive.

Berlin announces an increase in the artillery fire to great violence at times on the Flanders front. Apparently the renewal of the great battle in all its fury is only awaiting the return of fairly good weather.

The London war office makes it clear that no shifting of British troops was found necessary to cope with the situation created by the German diversion of Thursday night near Monchy Le-Preux on the Arras battle front, through which inroads were made upon the British position on infantry hill. Attacks carried out the following day and night by the troops on the spot, the official statement announces, forced the Germans out and completely restored the position.

On Russian Front.

The situation on the Russian front from North Galicia to the Carpathians continues favorable to the armies of the Central Powers, but the Russians although symptoms of continuing new morale are still noted, appear on the whole to be offering a stiffer defense, particularly along the Eastern Galician border. At one point an energetic operation cleared the Austro-German forces from a sector of the east bank of the Zbrucz, the river forming the boundary line. At another point on this line, near Skala, the Teutonic troops were driven out of two villages.

Yielding Ground.

The Russians continue to yield ground in Bukovina and in the Carpathians. They are emerged in a stiff battle with the enemy north-east of Kimpolung, however. Below Kimpolung the Russian forces are falling back on the Moldavia and have yielded the town of Watra, on that river, to the Austro-German advance.

Berlin sums up the campaign of the fourteen days in the east as having cleared all Galicia of the Russians, with the exception of a small strip of territory extending east from Bdoj.

On the Austro-Italian front there is somewhat more activity. The Italian airmen are notably busy. They rapidly followed up their raid on Pola, carrying out a second air attack in which great damage is reported to have been done this Austrian naval base.

HAS LIST OF AMERICANS

Eligibles for Draft Now in Great Britain.

London, Aug. 4.—Robert P. Skinner, the American consul general, has requested and received the following official list of all American citizens within the United Kingdom eligible for draft under the American selective conscription law. These persons are being circularized by the consulate and told they are expected to appear and offer themselves for registration.

The number of Americans as yet unregistered is comparatively small, as the eligible men have shown themselves anxious to enroll. The total number of eligibles is relatively unimportant, as most of the men here are over age. Those not eligible are disappointed at not being permitted to register.

BRITISH HOLDING OUT AGAINST ONSLAUGHT

WEATHER CONDITIONS ARE BETTER ON FRONT.

Canadians Made Advance With But Slight Resistance From Enemy—French Advance.

British Headquarters in France and Belgium, Aug. 5.—(By the Associated Press.)—The Germans at 5 o'clock this morning launched a heavy attack against Hollebeke and the British post just north of the Ypres-Comines canal in an attempt to regain these important positions, which they lost in the opening day of the battle in Flanders. The latest reports concerning the fighting indicate that the British are holding out strongly against the onslaught.

This attack with the advance of Canadians along a thousand yard front before Lens, which took them into the environs of the town, are the outstanding features of the most recent activity along the British front.

In the operations at Lens last night the Canadians pushed forward to a depth of about 200 yards to a line between the Lens-Grenay Railway and the Cite Du Moutin, directly south, and since have consolidated their positions among the buildings.

Rain Ceases.

The deluge of rain which had lasted since Tuesday evening ceased during the night and the dense, low-lying clouds which for days have blanketed the country began to lift. By noon the sun was shining brightly and the roads and marshy battle ground began to dry out rapidly, making observation work and the movement of troops much easier.

The coupe which resulted in the further tightening of the lines about the mining center and industrial town of Lens, was carried out with only slight opposition from the enemy. The Canadians advanced in parties toward their objectives among the houses on the outskirts of the town.

Slight Resistance.

Some resistance was encountered from machine guns concealed in buildings, but the Canadians advanced steadily until they had acquired the entire line. Here they set up machine guns in buildings and cellars. No counter attacks followed from the Germans and this morning the Canadians had linked up the whole line with barbed wire and were prepared to meet any enemy advance.

The German artillery was active along most of the front last night.

The British continued to make progress on the left flank and pushed their posts forward to the east-side of the Steenbeek river along a front of approximately a mile, beginning in the neighborhood of Saint Julien and running northwest.

French Make Progress.

North of Bixchoote the French, too, made further progress under fire from the enemy guns, which have been pounding the French positions steadily since the first day of the push.

The lifting of the clouds brought out large numbers of German airplanes, which were very active last night at low altitude over the British lines.

Special religious services on the occasion of the beginning of the fourth year of the war were held today throughout the British army camps. Wherever possible large bodies of troops and officers gathered to give thanks and reconsecrate themselves to the task they have undertaken.

HAS SEVEN SONS SERVING.

New Bedford, Mass., Aug. 4.—Seven sons of the Rev. George E. Dunbar, a retired clergyman of this city, are serving their country in the war with Germany. The cavalry and artillery branches of the army have their representatives of the family, while others are serving on warships or at naval shore stations. The oldest is thirty-five years of age, and the youngest twenty-two.

HAS FAITH IN RUSSIA TO OVERCOME TROUBLE

SAYS THAT SHE WILL PERPETUATE DEMOCRACY.

Head of American Mission to Petrograd Declares His Belief in Her Ability to Win.

A Pacific Port, Aug. 4.—Faith in the ability of Russia to overcome her difficulties and perpetuate a great and free democracy was expressed today by Elihu Root, head of the American mission to Russia, in a speech delivered at a luncheon here, in honor of the return of the mission. The members of the party landed here last night. They left today for Washington.

"I have abiding faith that Russia, through trial and tribulation, will work out, create and perpetuate a great, free, self-governing democracy," Mr. Root said in his address.

Professing a sincere admiration for the kindly character of the Russian people, "considerate of the rights and feelings of others, and with a high capacity for self-control and a noble idealism, heading always in a better way toward higher things," he pleaded for deep sympathy for the nation, "which is struggling with the problems that we have been studying for 140 years and have not yet solved."

Splendid Vision.

Declaring that "America must muster its manhood with democracy against the power of autocracy," he said, "there will be death, widowed homes, sacrifices and suffering, doubt, almost despair. In the end will rise a great free country, remade in the spirit of our fathers, competent to accomplish its divine mission and carry liberty and justice throughout the world."

"Do not argue about why we are in the war, but realize that the time has come when American liberty, American justice, American independence and freedom is the stake for which we must fight."

Time and Sympathy.

Basil Soldaten Koff, special envoy of the Russian government, accompanying the mission, expressed the gratitude of the new republic for the help and sympathy extended to it by America. He asserted that the two needs of the new Russia were time and friendly sympathy.

Charles Edward Russell, writer and sociologist, a member of the mission, said:

"Be of good cheer in regard to Russia. If democracy survives in the world the people of Russia will rule."

Of the task before America he said:

America in Peril.

"If a man now says 'my wages before my country,' or 'my balance sheet before my country,' or 'my class or creed or association before my country,' he is not an American. America is in peril. No question is worthy of consideration until we settle the question of whether democracy shall live. Democracy hangs by a thread. Its existence depends upon the union and utmost determination of the United States of America."

James Duncan, vice president of the Federation of Labor, after paying a high tribute to the behavior of the Russian people during the past month, declared earnestly:

"This is no time to squabble over incidents. The workingmen of America are back of the President and the government. The fight now is between autocracy and democracy."

Major Gen. Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the United States army, responded to calls by a declaration that the American army to be sent to France will go under better auspices, better officered and better cared for than any previous American army has ever been in going into battle.

For Stable Government.

From the Russian revolution will be evolved a stable government, according to James Duncan, vice president of the American Federation of Labor. Its establishment is retarded, he declared, by the radical so-called reformers, who have returned.

FIVE MINISTERS QUIT THE BERLIN CABINET

ZIMMERMAN OUT OF JOB AT LAST.

Sweeping Changes Take Place According to Statement From German Capitol.

Berlin, Aug. 6.—Via London.—Official announcement was made today that five ministers of state, including Foreign Secretary Zimmermann and four secretaries of state including Finance Minister Lentze and Interior Minister von Loebell, had resigned their portfolios.

Dr. Richard von Kuehlmann, the German ambassador to Turkey, has been appointed secretary of foreign affairs in succession to Dr. Zimmermann.

Landrat von Craevinitz was appointed to succeed Arnold Wahnschaffe as chief of the imperial chancellery. The minister of economics will finally be separated from the ministry of the interior and Herr Wadraf, mayor of Cologne, will be appointed minister of the interior, and Herr Schwander, mayor of Strassburg of economics with the title of excellency.

In addition to the appointment of Dr. von Kuehlmann as secretary for foreign affairs, Herr Ruedlin was made director of railways and minister of posts, and Privy Councillor von Krause was named secretary of justice. Over President von Waldow was appointed chief of the department of the army nourishment.

The vacant Prussian ministerial posts were filled as follows:

Minister of justice, Dr. Peter Spahn, leader of the catholic party in the Reichstag.

Minister of the interior, Under Secretary Drews.

Minister of instruction, Ministerial Director Schmidt.

Minister of agriculture, Dr. Es-sen-Hartruche.

Minister of finance, Dr. Hertz.

UNFITTED FOR SERVICE.

Negroes Multilate Bodies to Escape Army Draft.

Lloyd, Fla., Aug. 4.—Nathan Mosely and Willie Green, negro farm hands who were among the first called in Leon county for service in the selective draft, have mutilated themselves so that they will be unable to serve. Borrowing a shotgun from their employer, presumably to go rabbit hunting, the pair went to the woods and shortly returned, Green with four fingers of his right hand shot off and Mosely with his right arm shot off below the elbow.

TEUTONS ON RUSSIAN SOIL

General Boehm-Ermolli's Troops Cross the Border.

Berlin, Aug. 4.—(Via London.)—Austro-German troops, under command of Gen. von Boehm-Ermolli, yesterday crossed the Russian frontier to the northeast of Czernowitz, the Bukovina capital, says the official statement issued today by the German war office. All of Galicia, with the exception of a narrow stretch of ground from Brody to Zbaraz, northeast of Tarnopol, the statement adds, has been wrested from the Russians.

GERMAN PLANE LANDS IN NETHERLANDS LIMITS

Amsterdam, Aug. 5.—A German airplane landed today on the island of Ameland on account of motor trouble. The occupants of the machine were interned.

Ameland lies in the North sea off the coast of Friesland. It belongs to the Netherlands.

MAY INCREASE FUND FOR CATHOLIC SOLDIERS

Chicago, Aug. 5.—The \$1,000,000 fund being raised by the Knights of Columbus for the relief and recreation of Roman Catholic soldiers and sailors has been greatly over-subscribed according to Jas. A. Flaherty, supreme Knight and the supreme council will consider increasing the amount to \$5,000,000 when they meet here Tuesday.

UNCLE SAM PREPARES TO MAKE A MOVE

TWO HUNDRED TO SUFFER IN OKLAHOMA.

Government Begins to Act Without Waiting For End of Anti-Draft Riots.

Oklahoma City, Okla., Aug. 6.—Without waiting for a conclusion of the state's campaign against organized resistance to the selective draft in Central Oklahoma, the United States government today moved to punish the 200 men under arrest in connection with armed opposition to military service. Warrants charging treason were served on the prisoners who were taken to the penitentiary at McAlester or the jail at Muskogee to await trial at which United States District Attorney McGinnis will ask that the death penalty be imposed.

Announcement that extreme punishment would be asked was expected to aid materially in bringing to terms the few resisters still sheltered in the hills. Poses in three counties—Seminole, Hughes and Pottawatomie—reported tonight that isolated groups refused to surrender, but that they apparently were discouraged and seeking to avoid an encounter.

Determination of the posemen to run down all of the leaders was strengthened today by confiscation of half a freight car of dynamite which had been run on a siding southeast of Sasakwa in Seminole county. An investigation is being made to establish ownership. The car was unaccompanied.

Clashes between the resisters and posmen have cost three lives and numerous injuries. Two objectors to the draft have been killed and a traveler was shot when he failed to heed a posse's warning to halt.

Development of the causes of the outbreak and of the forces behind it, is expected in preliminary hearings when the men in custody are arraigned before a United States commissioner at McAlester.

GERMANS CAPTURE TOWNS

Kaiser's Troops Continue Advance in Bukovina.

Berlin, Aug. 5.—(Via London.)—British Admiralty per Wireless Press: The Austro-German armies on the eastern front are continuing their advance between the Dniester and the Pruth, and in Bukovina, east and south of Czernowitz, taking several additional towns, according to today's army headquarters report.

SPECIAL TERM OF COURT CALLED OFF

Attorneys and Clerk of Court Occupied With Affairs of Draft Boards.

Because of the fact that the Clerk of Court and several attorneys interested in cases scheduled for trial at the special term of court, announced for next week, will be occupied with details of the draft under the conscription measure, for the next two weeks, the Lancaster Bar Association decided this morning that no special term of court will be held. It had been announced that civil court would convene here next Monday morning with Judge Ernest Moore presiding and a number of civil actions were on the roster. It was ascertained however that Clerk of Court Paul Moore would be occupied with the draft, as will be R. S. Stewart and J. E. McDonald and it was therefore decided that no special term would be held.

HOUR IS CHANGED.

It was announced in Lancaster today that Chief Louis Behrens of the Charleston fire department will speak in this city Friday afternoon at 5 o'clock instead of Friday night at 8:30 o'clock as had been previously announced. The Charleston chief says that he will have to leave Lancaster at 7:25 Friday evening and this is responsible for the change. The meeting will be held in the court house and the public is cordially invited.